
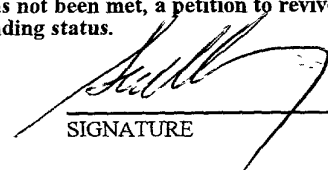


FORM PTO-1390 (Modified) (REV 11-98)		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER <b>2388-796</b>	
<b>TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES</b> <b>DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)</b> <b>CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371</b>				U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR 1.5) <b>09/890417</b>	
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. <b>PCT/DK00/00037</b>		INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE <b>28 January 2000</b>		PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED <b>28 January 1999</b>	
TITLE OF INVENTION <b>A REMOTE CONTROLLED TOY</b>					
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US <b>Mike DOOLEY, Gaute MUNCH and Jesper RASMUSSEN</b>					
Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is a <b>FIRST</b> submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.</li> <li>2. <input type="checkbox"/> This is a <b>SECOND</b> or <b>SUBSEQUENT</b> submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.</li> <li>3. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).</li> <li>4. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.</li> <li>5. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371 (c) (2))           <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <input type="checkbox"/> is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).</li> <li>b. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> has been transmitted by the International Bureau.</li> <li>c. <input type="checkbox"/> is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).</li> </ol> </li> <li>6. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).</li> <li>7. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Search Report (PCT/ISA/210).</li> <li>8. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3))           <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <input type="checkbox"/> are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).</li> <li>b. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> have been transmitted by the International Bureau.</li> <li>c. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.</li> <li>d. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made and will not be made.</li> </ol> </li> <li>9. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).</li> <li>10. <input type="checkbox"/> An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(4)).</li> <li>11. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report (PCT/IPEA/409).</li> <li>12. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(5)).</li> </ol>					
Items 13 to 20 below concern document(s) or information included:					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>13. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.</li> <li>14. <input type="checkbox"/> An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.</li> <li>15. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A <b>FIRST</b> preliminary amendment.</li> <li>16. <input type="checkbox"/> A <b>SECOND</b> or <b>SUBSEQUENT</b> preliminary amendment.</li> <li>17. <input type="checkbox"/> A substitute specification.</li> <li>18. <input type="checkbox"/> A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.</li> <li>19. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Certificate of Mailing by Express Mail</li> <li>20. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other items or information:</li> </ol>					
PCT/IB/304 PCT/IB/308 PCT/IB/332					

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR 1.5) <b>09/890417</b>		INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. <b>PCT/DK00/00037</b>		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER <b>2388-796</b>	
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21. The following fees are submitted:.				<b>CALCULATIONS PTO USE ONLY</b>																																																																					
<b>BASIC NATIONAL FEE ( 37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - (5) ) :</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO and International Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO ..... <b>\$970.00</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but International Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPO ..... <b>\$840.00</b> <input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO ..... <b>\$690.00</b> <input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) ..... <b>\$670.00</b> <input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) ..... <b>\$96.00</b>																																																																									
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Surcharge of <b>\$130.00</b> for furnishing the oath or declaration later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (e)).				<b>\$860.00</b>																																																																					
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 20%;">CLAIMS</th> <th style="width: 20%;">NUMBER FILED</th> <th style="width: 20%;">NUMBER EXTRA</th> <th style="width: 20%;">RATE</th> <th style="width: 20%;"></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Total claims</td> <td>19 - 20 =</td> <td>0</td> <td>x \$18.00</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><b>\$0.00</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Independent claims</td> <td>1 - 3 =</td> <td>0</td> <td>x \$78.00</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><b>\$0.00</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4">Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable). <input type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><b>\$0.00</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4" style="text-align: center;"><b>TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =</b></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><b>\$860.00</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4" style="vertical-align: top;">           Reduction of 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. Verified Small Entity Statement must also be filed (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28) (check if applicable). <input type="checkbox"/> </td> <td style="text-align: right; vertical-align: bottom;"><b>\$0.00</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4" style="text-align: center;"><b>SUBTOTAL =</b></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><b>\$860.00</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4" style="vertical-align: top;">           Processing fee of <b>\$130.00</b> for furnishing the English translation later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (f)).         </td> <td style="text-align: center; vertical-align: bottom;">+</td> <td style="text-align: right; vertical-align: bottom;"><b>\$0.00</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4" style="text-align: center;"><b>TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =</b></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><b>\$860.00</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4" style="vertical-align: top;">           Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31) (check if applicable). <input type="checkbox"/> </td> <td style="text-align: right; vertical-align: bottom;"><b>\$0.00</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4" style="text-align: center;"><b>TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =</b></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><b>\$860.00</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4" rowspan="2"></td> <td style="text-align: right;">Amount to be:</td> <td style="text-align: center;">\$</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: right;">refunded</td> <td style="text-align: center;">\$</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="6" style="padding: 10px;"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A check in the amount of <b>\$860.00</b> to cover the above fees is enclosed.   <input type="checkbox"/> Please charge my Deposit Account No. _____ in the amount of _____ to cover the above fees.            A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.   <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. <b>50-1145</b> A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.         </td> </tr> </tbody></table> <p><b>NOTE:</b> Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.</p> <p>SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p>Gerald Levy        Reg. No. 24,419        Pitney, Hardin, Kipp &amp; Szuch LLP        711 Third Avenue        New York, New York 10017          (212)297-5800          CUSTOMER NUMBER: 29540</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;">   <b>29540</b>  <small>PATENT &amp; TRADEMARK OFFICE</small> </div> <div style="margin-top: 20px;">         SIGNATURE  <b>Gerald Levy</b>        NAME  <b>24,419</b>        REGISTRATION NUMBER  <b>July 27, 2001</b>        DATE     </div>				CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE		Total claims	19 - 20 =	0	x \$18.00	<b>\$0.00</b>	Independent claims	1 - 3 =	0	x \$78.00	<b>\$0.00</b>	Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable). <input type="checkbox"/>				<b>\$0.00</b>	<b>TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =</b>				<b>\$860.00</b>	Reduction of 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. 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2388-796

**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

Applicant: Mike DOOLEY et al.  
Serial No.: N/A  
Filed: Herewith  
Art Unit: N/A  
For: **A REMOTE CONTROLLED TOY**  
Examiner: N/A

Pitney, Hardin, Kipp & Szuch LLP  
711 Third Avenue  
New York, New York 10017  
(212) 687-6000

**PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT**

Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Attention: EO/US

S I R:

Prior to any action, kindly amend the above captioned application as follows:

In the claims:

Please rewrite claim 12 as follows:

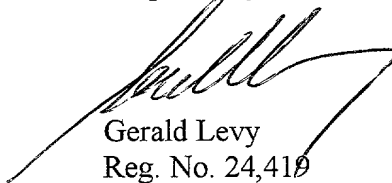
12. (Amended). A remote controlled toy according to claim 1, characterized in further comprising:

a receiver for reception of instructions for programming the toy as well as means for execution of received instructions, wherein the toy has a transmitter for transmission of instructions to a second toy.

Remarks

The present amendment is submitted upon filing the present application to conform the claims to U.S. practice and to determine the filing fee. Marked up versions of the amended claims are included in an Appendix attached hereto. An early action on the merits is now respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,



Gerald Levy  
Reg. No. 24,419

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO  
CHICAGO, ILL.  
JAN 10 1967

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OF THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES  
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a receiver for reception of instructions for programming the toy as well as means for execution of received instructions, wherein the toy has a transmitter for transmission of instructions to a second toy.

A remote controlled toy

The present invention relates to a remote controlled toy element for remote control by means of signals from a remote control unit, said toy element comprising a sensor which can detect the signals, and at least one unit which is controlled by a microprocessor in response to a program which is executed by the microprocessor, said program comprising program steps.

10

Such toy elements are widely used and are known e.g. from the product ROBOTICS INVENTION SYSTEM from LEGO MIND-STORMS, which is a toy that can be programmed by means of a computer to perform conditional as well as unconditional actions.

15

Such toy elements are unique in that programs or other forms of instructions are transferred to the toy by means of a form of communications protocol. Typically, the communications protocol will be adapted to transfer data to the toy in the fastest possible and simultaneously most error-free manner to achieve a good and fast response.

20

It is a problem with such a toy, however, that the full play potential is not utilized fully.

25

Accordingly, an object is to provide new play possibilities with an electronic toy.

This is achieved when the toy element mentioned in the opening paragraph is characterized in that the toy element is adapted to record pulse patterns containing pulses which have flanks with intervals that are longer than the response time of a human being, and to control the unit in various ways by selecting a program step in response to a recorded pulse pattern.

35

- It is ensured hereby that the toy element can be remote controlled by sound or particularly by light. Remote control by light takes place in that a user signals with
- 5 e.g. an ordinary hand-held lamp which is driven by batteries or by the mains. The signalling takes place in that the user manually turns the lamp on and off and thereby produces pulses of visible light with a predetermined sequence of short and long pulses and intervals.
- 10 The signalling may also take place by means of sound pulses, which may e.g. be produced in that the user claps his hands or whistles or sings a specific sequence of short and long pulses and intervals.
- 15 The invention will now be described with reference to the drawing, in which
- fig. 1 shows a block diagram of a remote controlled toy element for remote control by means of signals from a remote control unit and for control of units;
- 20 fig. 2 shows a flow chart for a program for selecting a subset of program steps from a set of program steps in response to an operation selection;
- 25 fig. 3 shows a flow chart for a program for controlling a unit in various ways by selecting a program step in response to a recorded pulse pattern;
- 30 fig. 4 shows examples of recorded pulse patterns;
- fig. 5 shows an example of a transmitted pulse pattern and an associated recorded pulse pattern;

fig. 6 shows first and second toy elements where the first toy element can transfer data to the second toy element;

5 fig. 7 shows a flow chart for storing program steps; and

fig. 8 shows a block diagram for a first toy element which can transfer data to a second toy element.

10 Fig. 1 shows a block diagram for a remote controlled toy element for remote control by means of signals from a remote control unit and for control of units. A user 101, e.g. a playing child, can operate a signal generator, e.g. a pocket torch 102. The pocket torch can be operated  
15 by alternately turning the torch on and off or by moving the cone of light of the torch. The cone of light may be directed toward a light detector 103. The light detector may be positioned behind a protecting light permeable plate in a toy element 104. The toy element may e.g. be a  
20 building element which can be connected with other building elements of the same or another type. The detector 103 can emit a signal in response to the light which it receives. The signal may be an analogue signal which depends on the light intensity which falls on the light detector or merely be a simple on/off signal. The toy element  
25 104 comprises a microprocessor 105 which can perform one or more programs stored in the memory 110. The microprocessor 105 is connected to a number of units for transmitting and receiving signals. A first unit 109 can  
30 receive signals on external mechanical impacts e.g. from a switch 112. A second unit 108 can emit light signals via a lamp or light diode 113. A third unit 107 can control a motor 114. A fourth unit 106 can emit sound signals via a sound generator 115 e.g. a loudspeaker or a  
35 piezoelectric element. Moreover, the microprocessor 105 can control an LCD display 116. The switch 111 can be



used for selecting a state of the microprocessor 105 so that a specific subset of program steps can be selected from a set of program steps.

- 5 It is thus possible to combine the above-mentioned elements/units so that the toy element may be incorporated in a structure such as e.g. a car or another vehicle or a movable figure, the structure being composed of elements in a construction toy set.

10

- Fig. 2 shows a flow chart for a program for selecting a subset of program steps from a set of program steps in response to an operation selection. The operation selection can e.g. take place by operating the switch 111. The flow chart starts in step 200. Then a subset of program steps is selected. A subset of program steps is also called a rule. In 201, rule R is selected from a collection of predetermined rules R1-R7 in the form of rule based programs stored in the memory 110. It is decided in step 202 whether the selected rule is rule R=R1. If this is the case (yes), the rule based program R1 is executed in step 203. Alternatively (no), it is checked whether rule R=R2 was selected. Correspondingly, it is decided in steps 204, 206 and 208 whether the selected rule is rule 2, 3 or 7, and respective rule based programs are executed in steps 205, 207 or 209. It is thus possible to select one of several predetermined rules. These rules may e.g. be determined by the manufacturer of the toy element.

30

However, it will also be possible to store user defined rules by combining the predetermined rules. This will be mentioned below in connection with the description of fig. 7.

35

Fig. 3 shows a flow chart for a program for controlling a unit in various ways by selecting a program step in response to a recorded pulse pattern. An audio/visual signal may be emitted in response to the recorded pulse pattern as a receipt for the reception of the pulse pattern. The pulse pattern may be generated by flashing a pocket torch.

Step 301 corresponds to step 208 in fig. 2. In step 302, a pulse pattern is detected, consisting of e.g. a pulse of 1 second's duration, a pause of 1 second, a pulse of 1 second's duration, a pause of 1 second's duration, and a pulse of 3 seconds' duration.

It is decided in step 302 whether the pulse pattern is a known pulse pattern (e.g. stored together with other pulse patterns in the memory 110). If the pulse pattern is a known pattern S1 (yes), an audio or visual signal L1 recognizable by the user is played in step 305. An audio signal may e.g. be played by means of a piezoelectric element. The user can hereby receive a receipt of recognition of the command. This may be part of the play with the toy element. The user may be rewarded in step 307 in that the toy element performs a given action by executing a sequence of commands in the microprocessor 105.

Alternatively, if the light sequence was not recognized in step 303, another sound sequence L2 may be played in step 304. Subsequently, the toy element may perform an action corresponding to a wrong answer.

Examples of possible functions of a number of rule based programs R1-R7 are given below (rule 1, rule 2, rule 3, rule 4, rule 5, rule 6 and rule 7).

Rule 1:

- 1) A pause of 1 second.
- 2) A sound sequence (start sound) is played.
- 3) A pause of 0.5 second.
- 4) A sound sequence (backward sound) is played.
- 5) The motor runs backwards for 5 seconds.
- 6) The motor stops.
- 7) Points 3-6 are repeated twice (3 times in all).
- 8) The rule is stopped.

10 Rule 2:

- 1) A pause of 1 second.
- 2) A sound sequence (start sound) is played.
- 3) A pause of 0.5 second.
- 4) A sound sequence (backward sound) is played.
- 5) The motor runs backwards for 5 seconds.
- 9) The motor stops.
- 6) A pause of 0.5 second.
- 7) A sound sequence (forward sound) is played.
- 8) The motor runs forwards for 5 seconds.
- 10) The motor stops.
- 11) Points 3-10 are repeated twice (3 times in all).
- 12) The rule is stopped.

25 Rule 3:

- 1) A pause of 1 second.
- 2) A sound sequence (calibrate sound) is played.
- 3) A sound sequence (start sound) is played.
- 4) A sound sequence (backward sound) is played.
- 5) The motor runs backwards for max. 7 seconds.
- 6) If light is detected before the 7 seconds have elapsed (point 5):
  - The motor stops.
  - Forward sound sequence is played.
  - The motor runs forwards as long as light is

detected.

If light disappears:

- i. The motor stops after 0.5 second.
  - ii. If the light comes back within 2  
5 seconds, the motor starts again.
  - iii. If the light is out for 2 seconds, then  
the motor remains turned off.
- 7) Points 4-6 are repeated as long as light is detected  
within the 7 seconds and until 3 attempts without  
10 light have been made.
- 8) The motor stops.
- 9) The rule stops.

Example of the user's experience: The model is con-  
15 structed such that when the model drives backwards the  
model turns, and when it drives forwards, it drives  
straight ahead. The rule therefore gives a search light  
function - when the user throws light on the model, the  
model drives forwards toward the user.

20

Rule 4:

- 1) A pause of 1 second.
- 2) Motor direction is set for forwards.
- 25 3) A sound sequence (calibrate sound) is played.
- 4) A sound sequence (start sound) is played.
- 5) When light is detected:
  - The motor runs.
- 6) When dark is detected:
  - 30 - The motor stops.
- 7) When 2 flashes are detected:
  - The motor direction is changed either from for-  
wards to reverse or from reverse to forwards.
  - A sound sequence is played in accordance with  
35 the direction of the motor.
- 8) The rule is stopped 15 minutes after the last light

was detected.

Example of the user's experience: The user experiences a remote control. The user can run the motor by constantly throwing light on the model, and change the motor direction by flashing to the model.

Rule 5:

- 10 1) A pause of 1 second.
- 2) A sound sequence (calibrate sound) is played.
- 3) A sound sequence (start sound) is played.
- 4) When a flash is detected:
  - A sound is played.
  - 15 - If the motor is off, it is turned on.
  - If the motor is on, the speed is increased by one step.
- 5) If no light is detected:
  - If the speed is greater than step 0, the speed
  - 20 is reduced by one step.
  - If the speed is step 0, the motor is stopped.
- 6) The rule stops 15 minutes after the last flash.

Example of the user's experience: The user experiences a form of "keep alive" function. The more and faster flashes, the faster the model runs and the more sounds it plays. If the user does not flash to it, the model "dies".

30 Rule 6:

- 1) A pause of 1 second.
- 2) Motor direction is set for reverse.
- 3) A sound sequence (calibrate sound) is played.
- 35 4) A sound sequence (start sound) is played.
- 5) When a change in the light level takes place:

- The alarm sound sequence is played.
  - The motor runs for 1 second.
  - The motor direction is changed.
  - The above 3 points are repeated 6 times.
- 5    6) The rule is stopped.

Example of the user's experience: The user experiences an alarm function where the user e.g. places a pocket torch which throws light on the model. Then the rule is  
10    started, when the light beam from the pocket torch is broken, the alarm sound is played and the motor runs.

Rule 7:

- 15    1) A pause of 1 second.  
2) A sound sequence (calibrate sound) is played.  
3) A sound sequence (start sound) is played.  
4) A pause of 1.5 seconds.  
5) A long or short tone is played (random).
- 20    6) Points 4 and 5 are repeated 2 to 4 times (random). 3  
to 5 times in all.  
Then the user must send long and short flashes to  
the model in accordance with the tones.
- 7) Check flash length:
- 25    - Short flash must be less than 0.5 second.  
- Long flash must be between 0.5 and 2 seconds.
- 8) If the length and number of flashes are correct:
- 30    - Play sound sequence (correct sound)  
- The motor runs forwards for 300 milliseconds.  
- The rule stops.
- 9) If the length and number of flashes are wrong:
- 35    - Play sound sequence.  
- The motor runs backwards for 300 milliseconds.  
- Repeat points 4 - 7 2 times more and until  
success.  
- If wrong flashes have been given 3 times, a

- sound sequence (tease sound) is played.
- The rule stops.

Example of the user's experience: 3 - 5 tones are played  
5 for the user. The tones are played in either a short ver-  
sion or a long version. When the user has heard the  
tones, the user must flash back the length and the number  
of the tones in the form of light. If the user does this  
correctly, a success sound is obtained, and the motor  
10 runs forwards briefly. If the user does not flash the  
correct length or number, a sound is played and the motor  
runs backwards briefly. The user gets 2 more attempts for  
performing the task (3 attempts in all). If the user is  
not successful in the 3 attempts, a tease sound is  
15 played.

In a preferred embodiment, a given recognizable pulse  
pattern (S1-S7) can be related to a given sound sequence  
(L1-L7) so that the user may be informed of the pulse  
20 pattern which has been received, and e.g. of the rule or  
command that will be executed by the microprocessor.

Fig. 4 shows examples of recorded pulse patterns M1, M2  
and M3. The pulse patterns may be selected in many dif-  
25 ferent ways, provided that they satisfy the condition  
that characteristics in the form of the duration of two  
successive flanks for the patterns are generated so that  
the duration is greater than the human response time. Two  
successive flanks may be a positive flank followed by a  
30 negative flank or two successive positive flanks.

The pulse pattern M1 comprises a positive flank and a  
negative flank.

The pulse pattern M2 comprises two successive pulses of a relatively short duration, e.g. 400 milliseconds separated by a period of e.g. 700 milliseconds.

- 5 The pulse pattern M3 comprises a pulse of a relatively long duration of e.g. 20 seconds.

These pulse patterns may cause a response from the toy element, e.g. as described above.

10

- Fig. 5 shows an example of an emitted pulse pattern and an associated recorded pulse pattern. This may be an example of a pulse pattern in connection with rule 7 described above. The pulse pattern to the left can indicate playing of two short tones followed by a long tone of durations of t1 and t2, respectively. After playing of the tones, the toy element expects that the user tries to imitate the pattern by generating light pulses with a pattern, that is two short pulses followed by a long pulse.
- 15
- 20

- As it may be difficult for the user, who tries to imitate the pattern, to find the precise length of the emitted pulses and to generate pulses of the same length, it is accepted that the pulses may deviate by a specified deviation d.
- 25

- Fig. 6 shows first and second toy elements, where the first toy element can transfer data to the second toy element. The first toy element 601 comprises a microprocessor 607, a I/O module 610, a memory 609 and a user interface 608. The toy element 601 moreover comprises a two-way communications unit 606 for communication with an infrared transmitter/receiver 605 or for communication by means of a light source/light detector 604 which can emit and detect visible light.
- 30
- 35



Correspondingly, the second toy element 602 comprises a microprocessor 614, a I/O module 615 and a memory 616. The toy element 602 moreover comprises a communications  
5 unit 613 for communication via an infrared transmitter/receiver 612 or for communication by means of a light source/light detector 611 which can emit and detect visible light.

10 In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the first toy element can both transmit and receive data, while the second toy element can only receive data.

Data can be transferred as visible light via a light  
15 guide 603. Alternatively, data may be transferred as infrared light 617 and 618. Data may be in the form of codes that indicate a specific instruction and associated parameters which can be interpreted by the microprocessors 607 and/or 614. Alternatively, data may be in the  
20 form of codes which refer to a subprogram or a rule stored in the memory 616.

The I/O modules 610 and 615 may be connected to electronic units (e.g. motors) for control of these. The I/O  
25 modules 610 and 615 may also be connected to electronic sensors so that the units may be controlled in response to detected signals.

In a preferred embodiment, the fibre 603 is adapted such  
30 that part of the visible light transmitted by it escapes from the fibre. It is hereby possible for a user - directly - to watch the transmission. The user can e.g. see when the communication begins and stops.

35 The light through the fibre can transfer data with a given data transmission frequency as changes in the light

level in the fibre. Data may be transmitted such that it is possible for the user to observe individual light level changes during a transmission (that is at a suitably low data transmission frequency) or merely by seeing whether the transmission is going on (that is with a suitably high data transmission frequency).

Generally, it is undesirable that part of the light to be transmitted through the fibre escapes from the fibre. But in connection with communication between two toy elements it is a desired effect, since it is then possible to watch the communication in a very intuitive manner.

It is known to a skilled person how to ensure that part of the light escapes from the fibre. It can e.g. be done by imparting impurities to the sheath of the fibre or by making mechanical notches or patterns in the fibre. The part of the light which is to escape from the fibre may also be controlled by controlling the ratio of the refractive index of a core to that of a sheath of a light guide.

Fig. 7 shows a flow chart for the storage of program steps. Step 701 corresponds to step 211. The flow chart shows how a user can store own rules transferred from an external unit for e.g. another toy element, as stated above, or from a personal computer. In an embodiment, just references to the rules stored in the toy element are transferred. This reduces the necessary bandwidth for communication between the toy elements. It is checked in step 702 whether download signals are received from external units. If this is the case, it is checked in step 703 whether the download signals are valid. If the signals are not valid (no), a sound indicating an error is played in step 704. If the signals are valid (yes), it is checked whether the signals are to be interpreted as com-

mands which are to be executed at once (execute), or whether the signals are to be interpreted as commands which are to be stored with a view to subsequent execution (save). If the commands are to be executed at once, this is done in step 706, and then the program returns to step 702. If the commands are to be stored, a recognition sound is played in step 707 and the command is stored as a program step in step 708 in the storage 709.

10 An example of a command to be carried out at once may be that the commands in the storage 709 are to be executed.

In an alternative embodiment, the user's own rules may be formed by making a combination of existing rules without using an external unit.

Fig. 8 shows a block diagram for a first toy element which can transfer data to a second toy element. The toy element 801 comprises a plurality of electronic means for programming the toy element so that it can affect electronic units (e.g. motors) in response to signals picked up from various electronic sensors (e.g. electrical switches).

25 The toy element may hereby be caused to perform sophisticated functions such as e.g. event-controlled movement, on condition that the toy element is combined with the electronic units/sensors in a suitable manner.

30 The toy element 801 comprises a microprocessor 802 which is connected to a plurality of units via a communications bus 803. The microprocessor 802 can receive data via the communications bus 803 from two A/D converters "A/D input #1" 105 and "A/D input #2" 806. The A/D converters can pick up discrete multibit signals or simple binary sig-

nals. Furthermore, the A/D converters are adapted to detect passive values such as e.g. ohmic resistance.

5 The microprocessor 802 can control electronic units such as e.g. an electric motor (not shown) via a set of terminals "PWM output #1" 807 and "PWM output #2" 808. In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the electronic units are controlled by a pulse width modulated signal.

10 Further, the toy element can emit sound signals or sound sequences by controlling a sound generator 809, e.g. a loudspeaker or piezoelectric unit.

15 The toy element can emit light signals via the light source "VL output" 810. These light signals may be emitted by means of light-emitting diodes. The light-emitting diodes may e.g. be adapted to indicate various states for the toy element and the electronic units/sensors. The light signals may moreover be used as communications signals for other toy elements of a corresponding type. The  
20 light signals may e.g. be used for transferring data to another toy element via a light guide.

25 The toy element can receive light signals via the light detector "VL input" 811. These light signals may be used inter alia for detecting the intensity of the light in the room in which the toy element is present. The light signals may alternatively be received via a light guide and represent data from another toy element or a personal  
30 computer. The same light detector may thus have a communication function via a light guide as well as serve as a light sensor for detecting the intensity of the light in the room in which the toy element is present.

35 In a preferred embodiment, "VL input" 811 is adapted to selectively either communicate via a light guide, or al-

ternatively to detect the intensity of the light in the room in which the toy element is present.

5 Via the infrared light detector "IR input/output" 812, the toy element can transfer data to other toy elements or receive data from other toy elements or e.g. a personal computer.

10 The microprocessor 802 uses a communications protocol for receiving or transmitting data.

15 The display 804 and the keys "shift" 813, "run" 814, "select" 815 and "start/interrupt" 816 constitute a user interface for operating/programming the toy element. In a preferred embodiment, the display is an LCD display that can show a plurality of specific icons or symbols. The appearance of the symbols on the display may be controlled individually, e.g. an icon may be visible, be invisible and be caused to flash.

20 By affecting the keys, the toy element may be programmed at the same time as the display provides feedback to the user about the program which is being generated or executed. This will be described more fully below. As the user interface comprises a limited number of elements (that is a limited number of icons and keys), it is ensured that a child who wants to play with the toy will quickly learn how to operate it.

30 The toy element also comprises a memory 817 in the form of RAM and ROM. The memory contains an operating system "OS" 818 for control of the basic functions of the microprocessor, a program control "PS" 819 capable of controlling the execution of user-specified programs, a plurality of rules 820, each rule consisting of a plurality of

35

specific instructions for the microprocessor, and a program 821 in RAM which utilizes the specific rules.

5 In a preferred embodiment, the toy element is based on a so-called single chip processor which comprises a plurality of inputs and outputs, a memory and a microprocessor in a single integrated circuit.

10 In a preferred embodiment, the toy element comprises light-emitting diodes which can indicate the direction of rotation of connected motors.

ARTICLE 34

1

PATENT CLAIMS (AMENDED):  
-----

1. A remote controlled toy element for remote control by  
5 means of signals from a remote control unit preferably a  
pocket torch, said toy element comprising

a sensor which can detect the signals,

10 at least one unit which is controlled by a microprocessor  
in response to a program which is executed by the micro-  
processor, said program comprising program steps,

c h a r a c t e r i z e d in that

15 the toy element is adapted to determine the temporal  
occurrences of a user's activations of the remote control  
unit based on pulse patterns in the detected signals,  
where two consecutive occurrences are separated by an  
20 interval that is longer than the response time of a human  
being; and

25 to control the unit by selecting a program step in  
response to information in the temporal occurrences of a  
user's activations of the remote control unit.

30 2. A remote controlled toy element according to claim 1,  
c h a r a c t e r i z e d in that the toy element is  
adapted to respond to pulses of light.

3. A remote controlled toy element according to claim 1,  
35 c h a r a c t e r i z e d in that the apparatus is  
adapted to respond to pulses of visible light.

4. A remote controlled toy element according to claim 1, characterized in that the apparatus is adapted to response to sound pulses.

5

5. A remote controlled toy element according to claim 1, characterized in that said intervals are longer than 100 milliseconds, 200 milliseconds or 300 milliseconds.

10

6. A remote controlled toy element according to claim 1, characterized in that said intervals are longer than the smallest intervals which a human being can produce by an oscillating movement of a part of the body.

15

7. A remote controlled toy element according to claim 1 and having at least two different functions which are selected by means of signals from a remote control unit, wherein toy elements, after a received signal for selection of function, are adapted to emit a signal which depends on the received signal.

20

8. A remote controlled toy element according to claim 7, characterized in that the emitted signal is an acoustic signal.

25

9. A remote controlled toy element according to claim 7, characterized in that the emitted signal is an optical signal.

30

10. A remote controlled toy element according to claim 7, characterized in that the signal is emitted before the selected function is carried out.

35



11. A remote controlled toy element according to claim 7, characterized in that the apparatus is adapted to compare a signal received from the remote control unit with a plurality of expected signals, and to  
5 emit a first signal in the event that the received signal matches one of the expected signals, and to emit a second signal in the event that the received signal does not match any of the expected signals.

10 12. A remote controlled toy according to any one of claims 1 through 11, characterized in further comprising:

a receiver for reception of instructions for programming the toy as well as means for execution of received  
15 instructions, wherein the toy has a transmitter for transmission of instructions to a second toy.

13. A toy according to claim 12, characterized in that its receiver is adapted for wireless re-  
20 ception of instructions.

14. A toy according to claim 12, characterized in that its receiver is adapted for reception of infrared signals.  
25

15. A toy according to claim 12, characterized in that its receiver is adapted for reception of visible light.

30 16. A toy according to claim 12, characterized in that its receiver comprises a keyboard for manual input of instructions.

17. A toy according to claim 12, characterized in that its transmitter is adapted for wireless  
35 transmission of instructions to the second toy.

4

18. A toy according to claim 17, c h a r a c t e r -  
i z e d in that its transmitter is adapted for transmis-  
sion of infrared signals.

5

19. A toy according to claim 16, c h a r a c t e r -  
i z e d in that, via the keyboard, it is adapted to re-  
ceive a program comprising at least two instructions for  
transmission to the second programmable toy.

10

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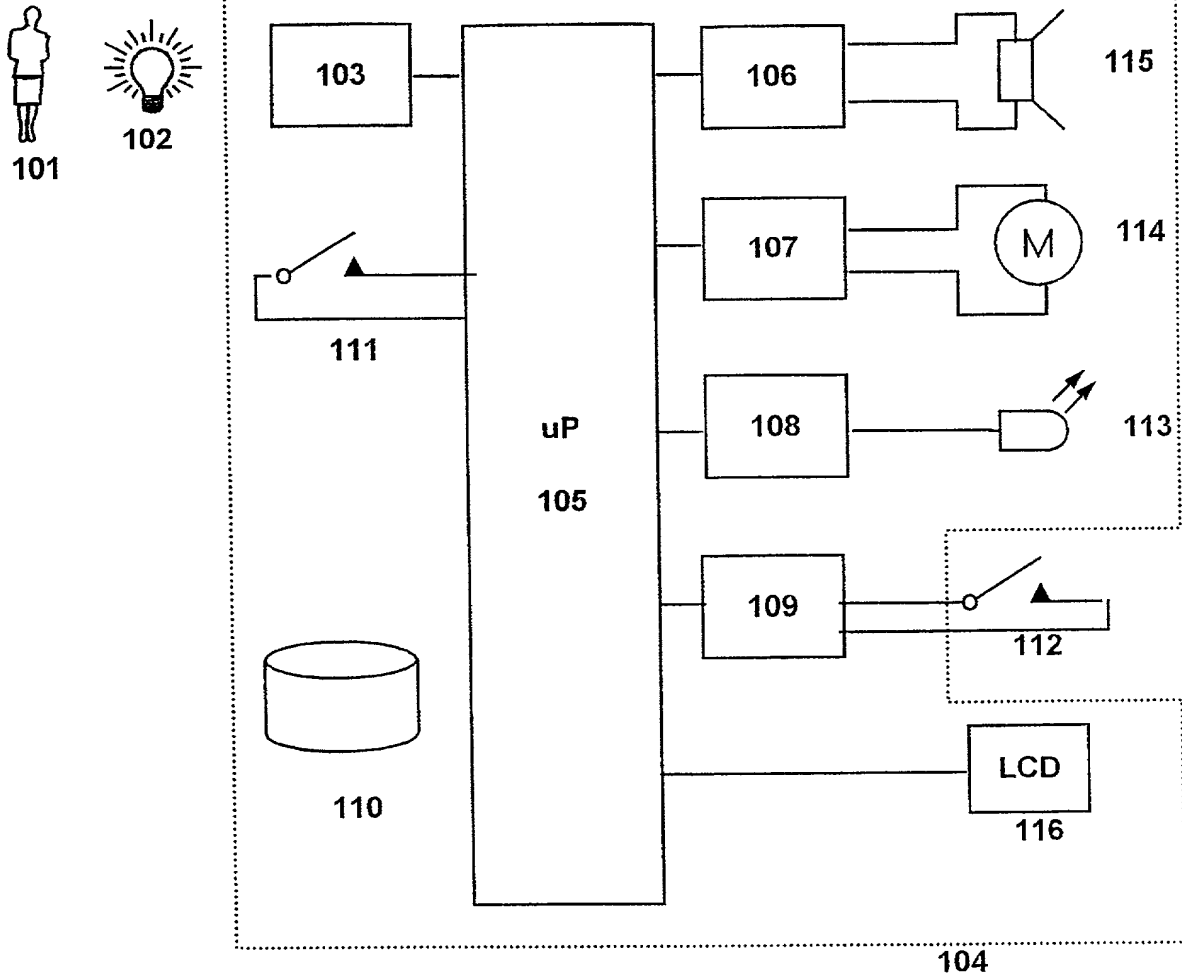


Fig. 1

Pub. No. 21000000

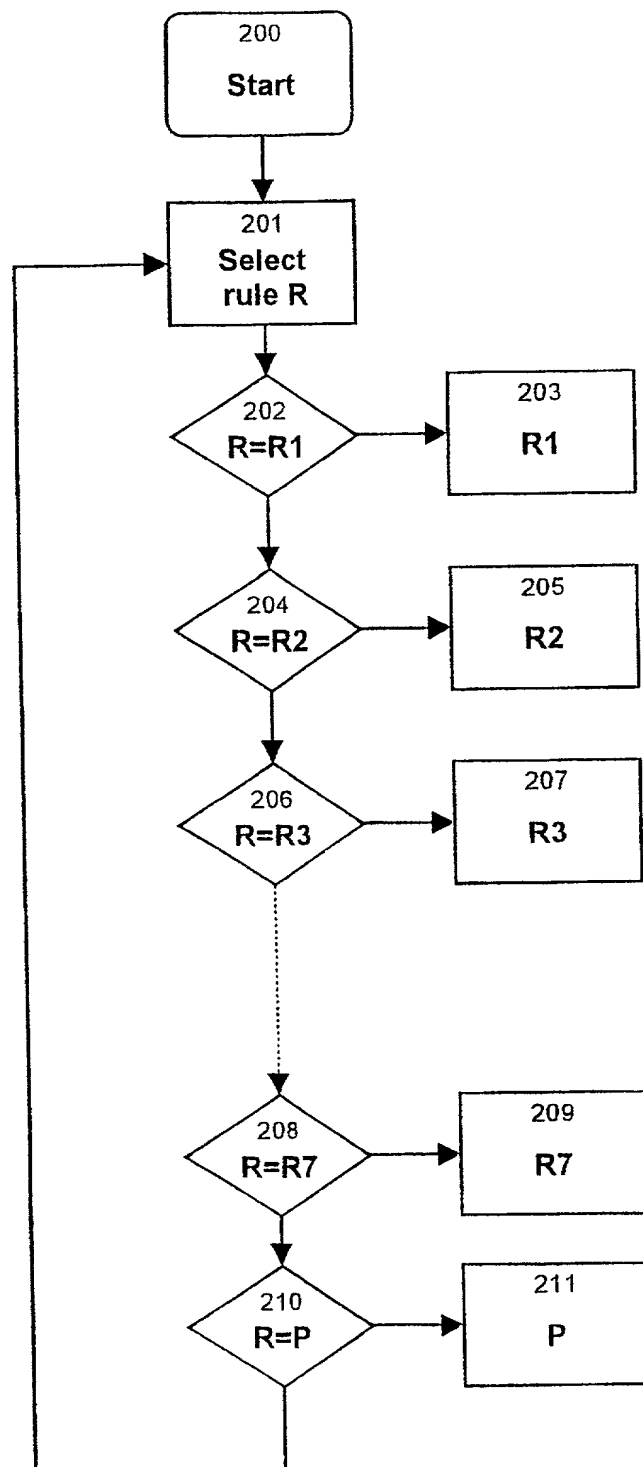


Fig. 2

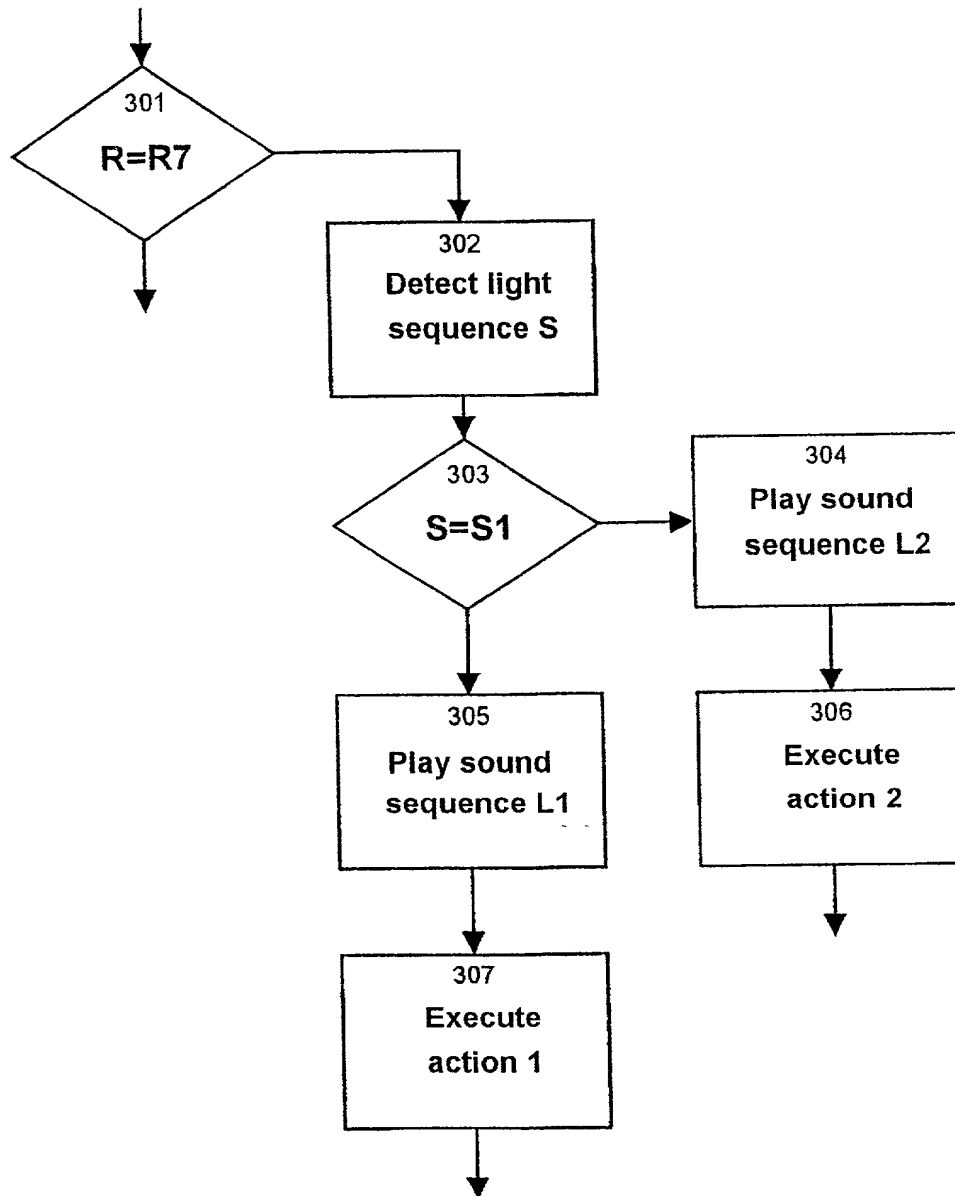


Fig. 3

## Pulse patterns

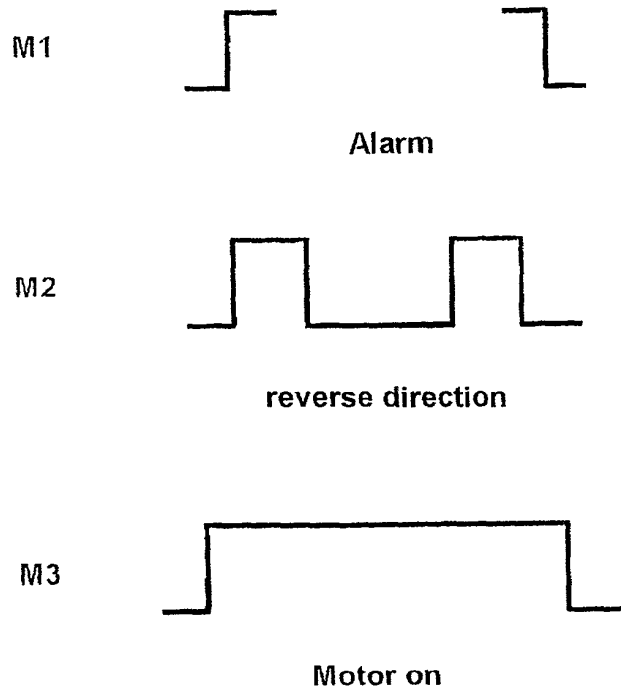


Fig. 4

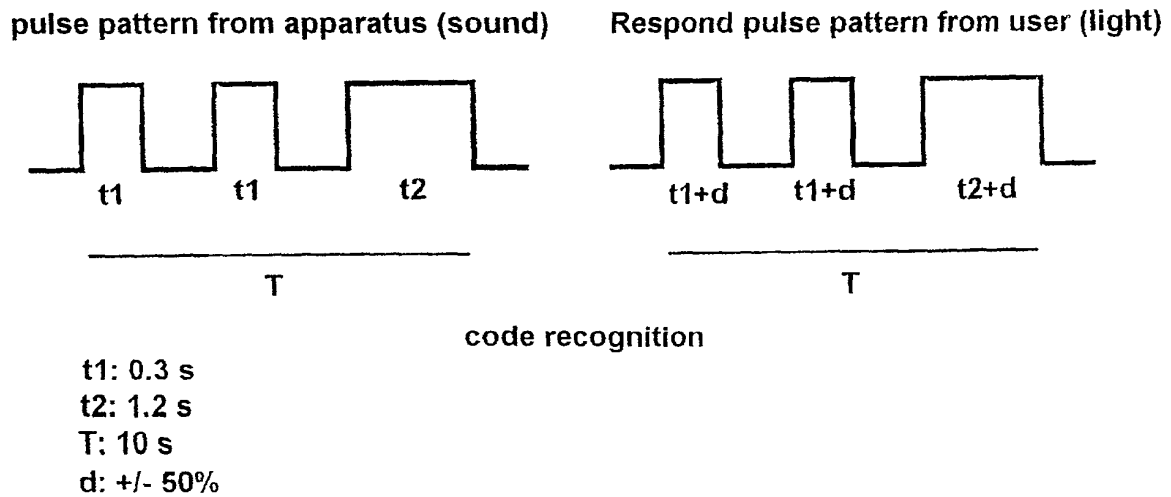


Fig. 5

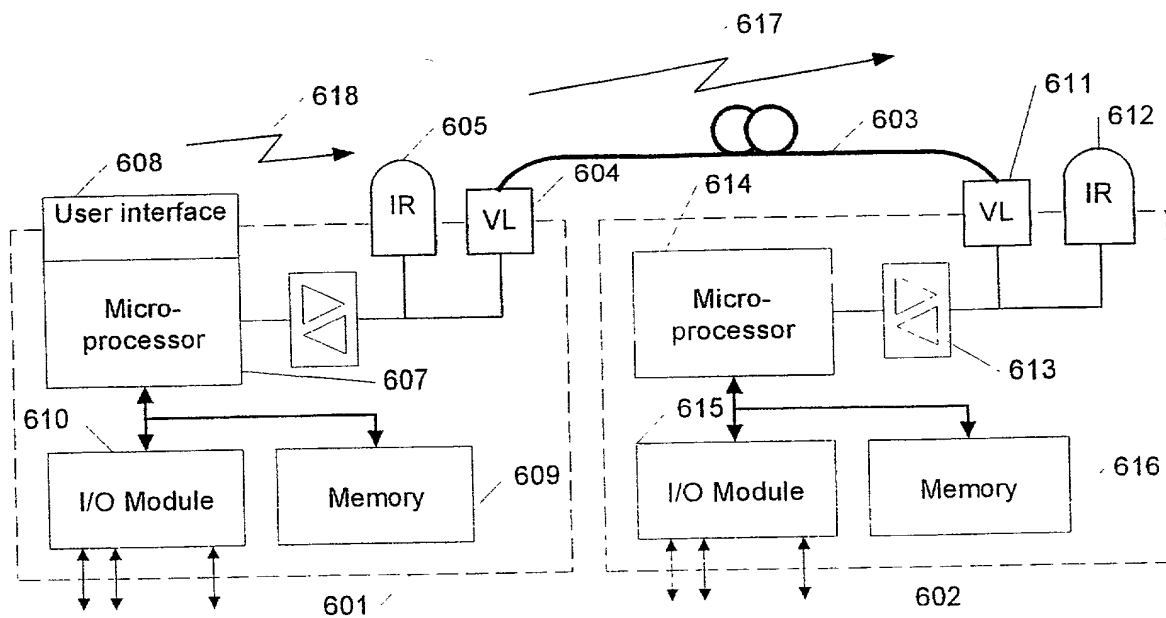


Fig. 6

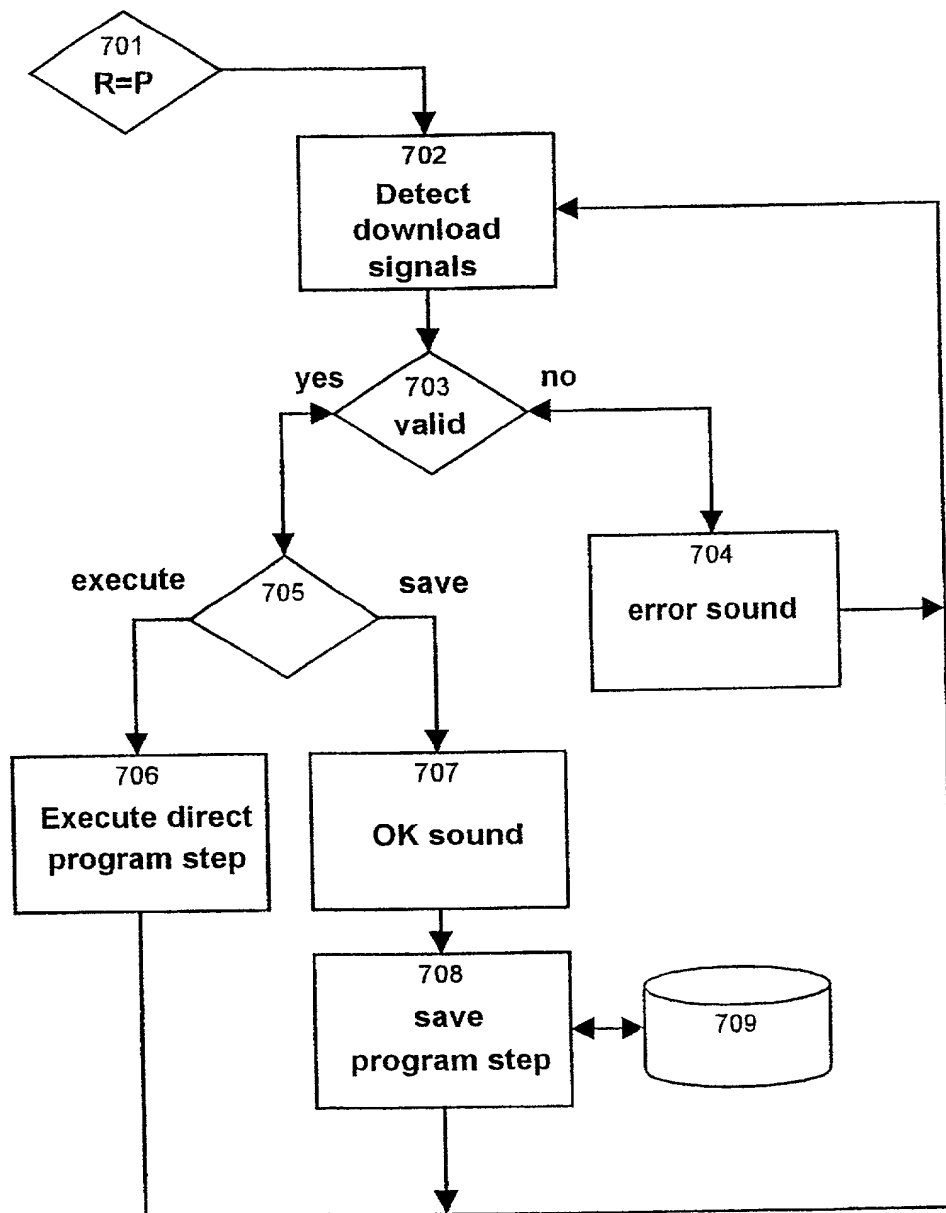


Fig. 7



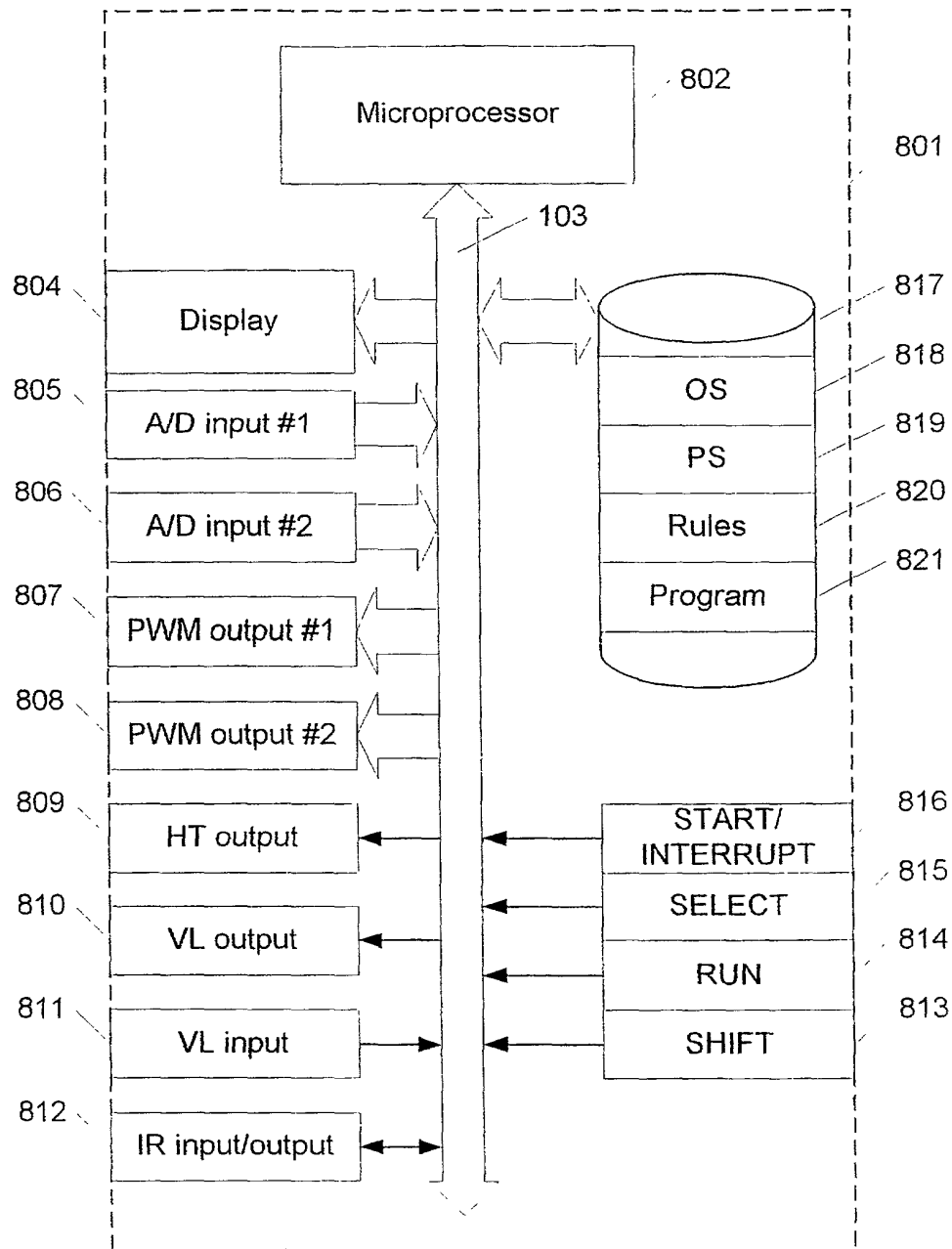


Fig. 8

Docket No.

2388-796

**COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY  
FOR PATENT APPLICATION**

As a below named inventor(s), I (We) hereby declare that:

My (Our) residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my (our) name(s). I (We) believe I (we) am (are) the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

A remote controlled toy, the specification of which is attached hereto unless the following is checked:

☐ was filed on \_\_\_\_\_ as United States Application

Number or PCT International Application Number PCT/DK00/00037

and was amended on 23 April 2001 (if applicable).

I (We) hereby state that I (we) have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I (We) acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

**PRIOR FOREIGN APPLICATION(S)**

NUMBER	COUNTRY	DATE FILED	PRIORITY CLAIMED
PA 1999 00105	Denmark	28 January 1999	YES
PA 1999 00144	Denmark	4 February 1999	YES
			YES NO

I (We) hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application.

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	STATUS PATENTED, PENDING, ABANDONED

I (We) hereby declare that all statements made herein of my (our) own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

I (We) hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith: Joseph C. Sullivan, Registration No. 18,720; J. David Dainow, Registration No. 22,959; Gerald Levy, Registration No. 24,419; Ronald R. Santucci, Registration No. 28,988; Ronald E. Brown, Registration No. 32,200; Matthew W. Siegal, Registration No. 32,941; John Gulbin, Registration No. 33,180. \*I (We) further authorize my (our) attorney to insert the proper serial number and filing date awarded to my (our) application on this document, above my (our) signature(s).


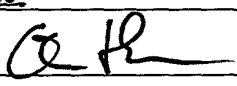
SEND CORRESPONDENCE TO: Gerald Levy, Esq.


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INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE		DATE	
RESIDENCE			
POST OFFICE ADDRESS			